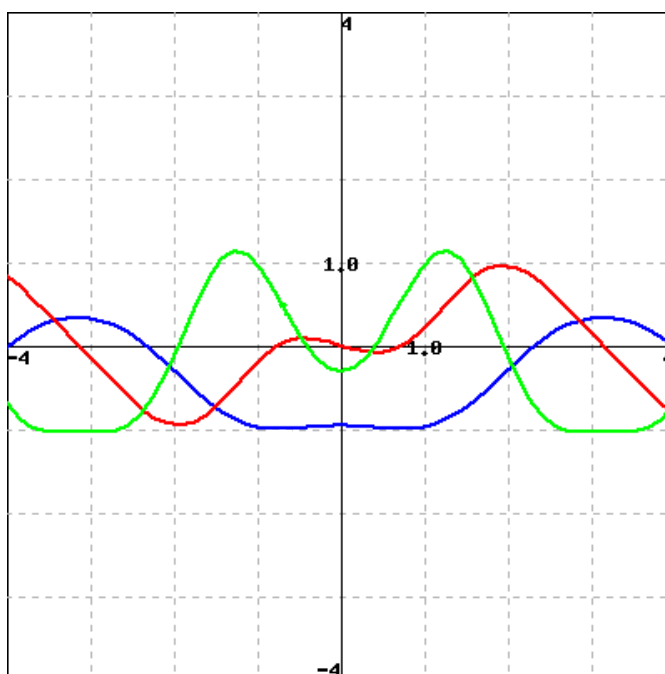


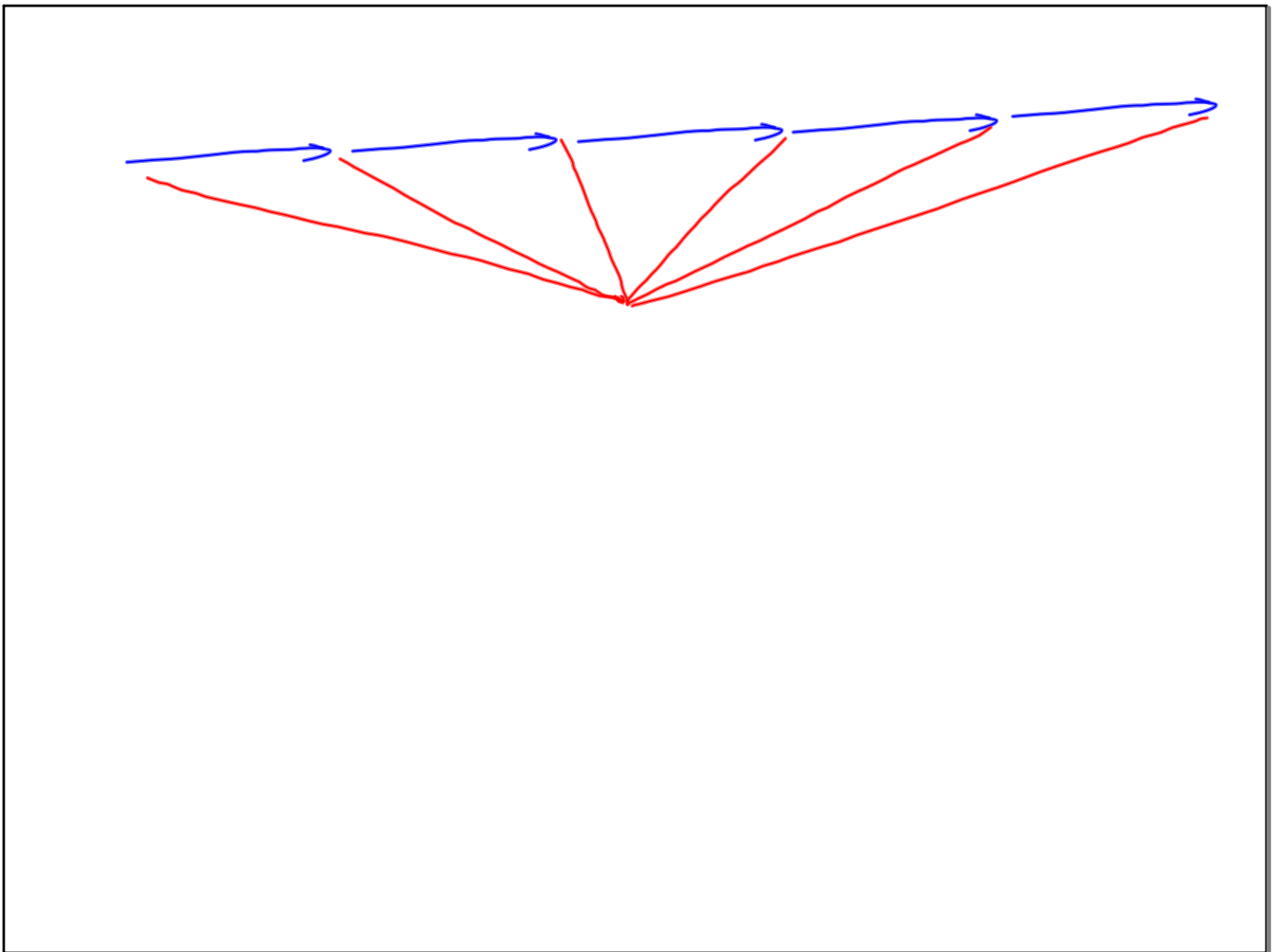
Do now as a warm-up:

A quick review:

This graph shows a function, its derivative, and its second derivative.

Which is which and how can you tell?





2.6 Related Rates

ex. Cheryl is drawing a circle on an Etch-A-Sketch®:

$$\frac{d}{dt} [x^2 + y^2 = 4] \quad x^2 + y^2 = 4 \quad y^2 = 3 \quad y = \pm\sqrt{3}$$

At the spot where $x=1$, she's turning the knob so that the stylus' horizontal rate of change is 2 inches/minute. ← $\frac{dx}{dt}$

How fast must the stylus' vertical rate of change be to accurately draw the curve?

$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$2 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot -\sqrt{3} \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$



$$4 - 2\sqrt{3} \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{-4}{-2\sqrt{3}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \text{ in./min.}$$

ex. A baseball diamond is a square 90 feet on each side. A runner starts from home plate towards first base at 20ft/sec. How fast is the runner's distance from second base changing when the runner is halfway to first base? Is this distance increasing or decreasing? Why?

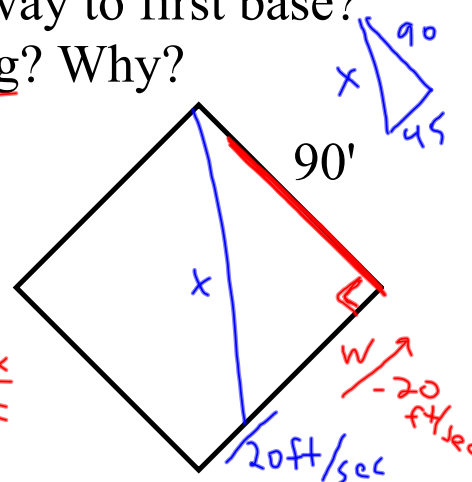
$$\frac{d}{dt} [w^2 + 90^2 = x^2]$$

$$2w \frac{dw}{dt} + 0 = 2x \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$2 \cdot 45 \text{ ft} \left(\frac{-20 \text{ ft}}{\text{sec}} \right) = 2 \sqrt{10125} \text{ ft} \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$-8.944 \approx \frac{dx}{dt}$$

decr. since this is neg.



ex. A tanker spilled oil in a bay. Oil-consuming bacteria are deployed that remove oil at a rate of $5 \text{ ft}^3/\text{hr}$. The oil slick is cylindrical (the thickness of the slick is the height). When the radius of the slick is 500 ft , the thickness is 0.01 ft , and is decreasing at a rate of 0.001 ft/hr . At this time, what is the rate at which the area of the slick is changing?

$$V = \pi \cdot 500^2 \cdot .01$$

$$= 2500 \cdot \pi \text{ ft}^3$$



$$\frac{dh}{dt} = -.001 \text{ ft/hr} \quad V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = -5$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 2\pi r \frac{dr}{dt} h + \pi r^2 \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$-5 = 2\pi \cdot 500 \frac{dr}{dt} \cdot .01 + \pi (500)^2 (-.001)$$

$$-5 = 31.415927 \frac{dr}{dt} - 785.398163$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = 24.840845$$

$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 2\pi r \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 2\pi(500)(24.8408)$$

$$= 78039.675 \text{ ft}^2/\text{hr}$$

ex. A spherical balloon is being inflated at a rate of 4 cubic inches per minute. Find the rate of change of the radius when the surface area is 64π square inches.

$$\frac{64\pi}{4\pi} = SA = \frac{4\pi r^2}{4\pi}$$

$$16 = r^2$$

$$r = 4 \text{ in}$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 4\pi r^2 \cdot \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$4 \frac{\text{in}^3}{\text{min}} = 4\pi 4^2 \text{ in}^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$4 \frac{\text{in}^3}{\text{min}} = 64\pi \frac{dr}{dt} \text{ in}^2$$

$$\frac{4 \frac{\text{in}^3}{\text{min}}}{64\pi \text{ in}^2} = \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{1}{16\pi} \frac{\text{in}}{\text{min}} = \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 4 \frac{\text{in}^3}{\text{min}}$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = ? \frac{\text{in}}{\text{min}}$$

ex. Find the rate of change of the distance between the origin and a fly crawling on the graph of $y = \sin x$ if $dx/dt = 2$ cm/sec when $x = \pi/4$.

$$d = \sqrt{(x-0)^2 + (\sin x - 0)^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{x^2 + (\sin x)^2}$$

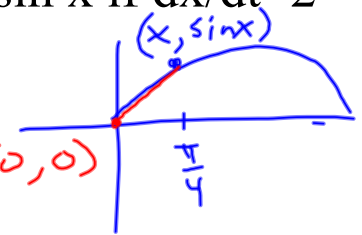
$$d^2 = x^2 + (\sin x)^2$$

$$2d \frac{dd}{dt} = 2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2 \sin x \cos x \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2}} \frac{dd}{dt} = \frac{\pi}{4} \cdot 2 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot 2$$

$$\frac{dd}{dt} = \frac{\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{2}{4} \cdot 2}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$\frac{dd}{dt} = \frac{\frac{\pi}{2} + 1}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2}}}$$



$$d = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)^2 + \left(\sin \frac{\pi}{4}\right)^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2}}$$