

Day 3 Factor Polynomials

Objective: Factor polynomials and recognize factoring patterns, the sum of two cubes and the difference of two cubes.

Example 1: Factor each polynomial completely.

a. $x^3 - 4x^2 - 5x$

$$x(x^2 - 4x - 5)$$

$$x(x - 5)(x + 1)$$

b. $3y^5 - 48y^3$

$$3y^3(y^2 - 16)$$

$$3y^3(y - 4)(y + 4)$$

c. $5z^4 + 30z^3 + 45z^2$

$$5z^2(z^2 + 6z + 9)$$

$$5z^2(z + 3)(z + 3)$$

or

$$5z^2(z + 3)^2$$

Core Concept

Special Factoring Patterns

Sum of Two Cubes

$$a^3 + b^3 = (a + b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$$

Example

$$\begin{aligned} 64x^3 + 1 &= (4x)^3 + 1^3 \\ &= (4x + 1)(16x^2 - 4x + 1) \end{aligned}$$

Difference of Two Cubes

$$a^3 - b^3 = (a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$$

Example

$$\begin{aligned} 27x^3 - 8 &= (3x)^3 - 2^3 \\ &= (3x - 2)(9x^2 + 6x + 4) \end{aligned}$$

Example 2: Factor the sum or difference of two cubes

(a) $x^3 - 125$

$$(x - 5)(x^2 + 5x + 25)$$

s
 o
 AP

(b) $16s^5 + 54s^2$

$$2s^2(8s^3 + 27)$$

$$2s^2(2s+3)(4s^2 - 6s + 9)$$

s
 o
 AP

Example 3: Factor completely by grouping.

$$\underline{z^3 + 5z^2 - 4z - 20}$$

$$\underline{z^2(z + 5) - 4(z + 5)}$$

$$(z + 5)(z^2 - 4)$$

$$(z + 5)(z - 2)(z + 2)$$

Example 4: Factor completely

(a) $16x^4 - 81$

(b) $3p^8 + 15p^5 + 18p^2$ $(z+3)(z+2)$

$(4x^2 - 9)(4x^2 + 9)$

$3p^2(p^6 + 5p^3 + 6)$

$3p^2(p^3 + 3)(p^3 + 2)$

$(2x+3)(2x-3)(4x^2+9)$

↑
stop
there....

only ↓
 $(2x-3i)(2x+3i)$
↑
because we
don't want to have to do this